



SUPPL. FIGURE 1. Total killing of *S. aureus* was performed at the indicated time points as described in *Materials and Methods* (n = 3). Initially, efficient phagocytic killing was observed, and the presence of DNase had no effect, indicating that little, if any, NET-mediated killing occurred. In contrast, 30 minutes after challenge with opsonized *S. aureus*, when neutrophils start to release NETs (see Fig. 1C), phagocytic killing was diminished and most of the antimicrobial activity is mediated through NET formation from this point on. By 90 minutes, most neutrophils formed NETs (see Fig. 2G) and the presence of DPI did not affect bacterial survival.